







District 28

School Budgets

SY 2024-2025

Dr Eric L. Blake, Superintendent

January – April 2024

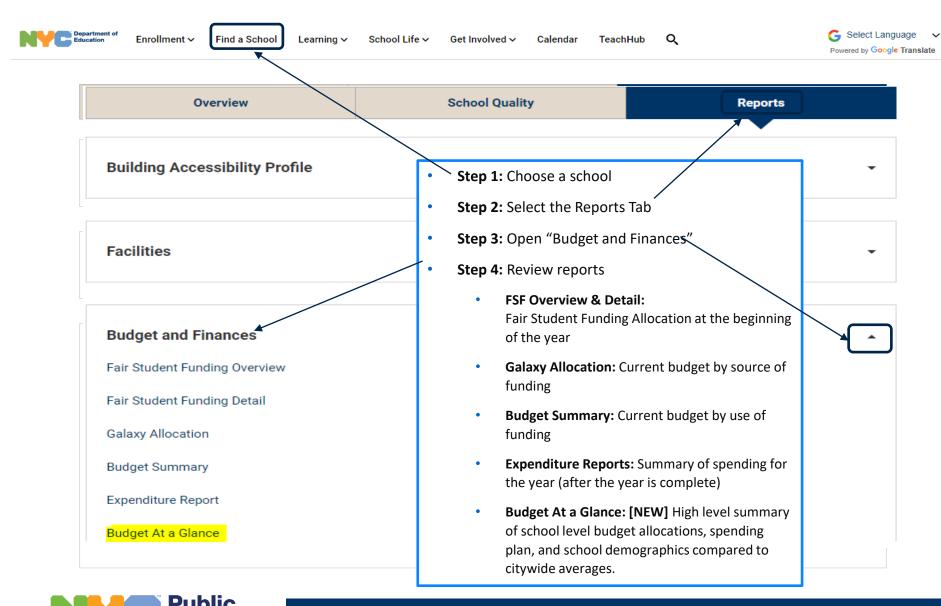
AGENDA

- Purpose
- Review the NYC Public Schools budget
- Review Fair Student Funding
- Review new webpages

Our district is comprised of 36 (K-8) schools We currently have 21, 763 scholars, and growing. Students with IEPs: 3,424, MLLs: 4,412, STH: 2,584. As of November 1, we have 1, 726 teachers.

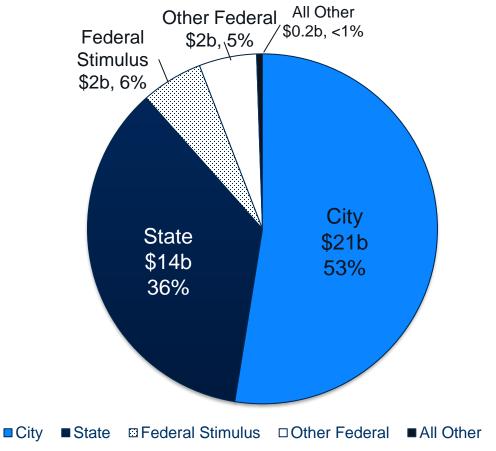


Where can I find information about my school's budget?



Where Does Our Funding Come From?

- Our budget for the 2023-24 school year (fiscal year 2024) is \$39.4 billion.
- We estimate we will spend over \$31,250 per student this year*.

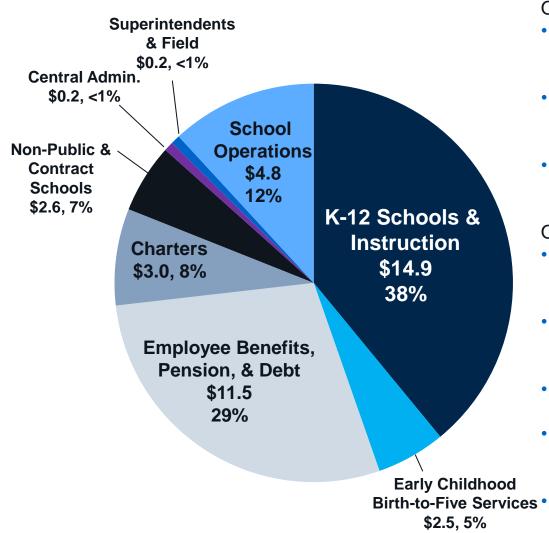


Funding generally comes from income and corporate taxes, property taxes, and sales taxes.



How Is NYC Public Schools' Budget Spent?

(\$ in billions)



Off the top:

- \$11.5 billion goes to employee benefits, pension, and debt
- \$3 billion goes to state-mandated payments to charter schools
- \$2.6 billion goes to non-public & contract schools as per special education mandates

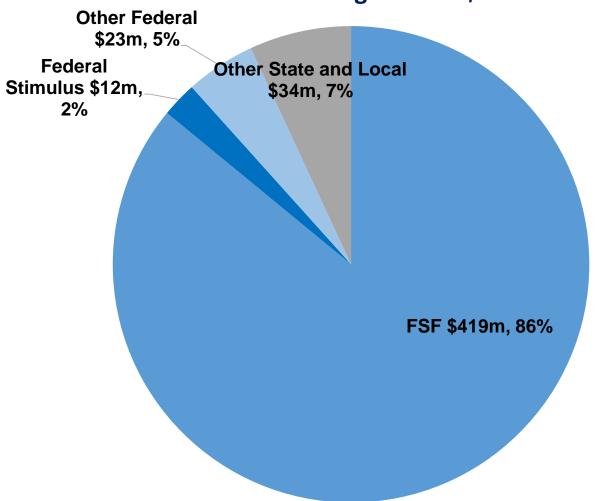
Of the remaining:

- \$14.9 billion goes to K-12 schools & instruction
- \$2.2 billion goes to early childhood programs
- \$4.8 billion goes to school operations
- About \$200 million or less than 1% goes to our central administrative offices.
 - Another **\$250 million** or less than 1% goes to superintendents and CSEs.



District 28 2023-2024 School Budgets

District 28 Overall Budget Total: \$488 million



The Federal Stimulus amount includes all funding as of January 2024 and the other amounts are as of the Adopted Budget.



Who decides how the money is spent at the school level?

- Principals have a great deal of flexibility in deciding how this funding is spent so that they can target it to student and community needs.
- Principals along with their School Leadership Teams (SLTs)
 create the school's Comprehensive Educational Plan (CEP)
 based on school specific instructional needs and priorities.
- Principals work with their SLTs to create the school's budget, to pay for the instructional program detailed in the CEP.
- Superintendents supervise the Principal in this process and must approve all school budgets and their alignment with the school's CEP.



What is Fair Student Funding (FSF)?

- Fair Student Funding (FSF) is the largest funding stream that we provide to schools, and
 it is based on the number of students enrolled at each school + the specific needs of
 those students.
- Student needs are "weighted" based on the cost of meeting a student's educational need (e.g., academic needs, special education needs); and schools get more money for students with greater needs.
- FSF makes up about two-thirds of most K-12 NYCPS school budgets.
 - Other funding sources include federal funding streams, such as Title I, Title III, IDEA (special-education funding), or other targeted allocations for specific initiatives.
 - Charter schools, 3K, PreK, Mandated Individual Education Plan (IEP/special-ed) related services and IEP paraprofessionals (e.g., speech teachers, occupational therapists, and 1:1 paraprofessionals) are funded separately.
 - D75 programs are also funded separately. Funding is provided based on a class model not a student per capita (like FSF).
- FSF provides principals/schools with substantial flexibility to tailor spending to school and community needs. The vast majority of the funds are spent on teachers. Funds can also be used for guidance counselors, social workers, after-school programs and classroom resources and materials.



Fair Student Funding: How Does it Work?

- FSF is a weighted student funding formula meaning funding is driven by students and their needs.
- All schools receive a "Foundation" a base amount of funding that every school gets for required school services like a Principal and a secretary.
- Then the formula applies on a per student basis a school's projected register is
 multiplied by a per capita amount, with student needs weights (a proportion of the per
 capita based on how much it costs to educate a student with those needs).
 - See next slide for the table of weights.
- Lastly, we modify the formula for Collective Bargaining we then grow school budgets reflecting the impact of contractual pay increases for school staff, so school budgets keep up with rising costs.



SY 2024-2025 Proposed Fair Student Funding Weights

Grade Base Weight	Weight
Grades K-5	1.00
Grades 6-8	1.08
Grades 9-12	1.03

Academic Intervention*	Weight	Special Education ¹	Weight
Poverty K-12	0.12	Low Intensity <=20%	0.56
Below Standards 4-5	0.25	Moderate Intensity 21% to 59%	1.25
Below Standards 6-8	0.35	Less Inclusive >=60% K-8	1.18
Below Standards 9-12	0.25	Less Inclusive >=60% 9-12	0.58
Well Below Standards 4-5	0.40	More Inclusive >=60% K	2.09
Well Below Standards 6-8	0.50	More Inclusive >=60% 1-12	1.74
Well Below Standards 9-12	0.40	Post IEP Transitional Support	0.12
eavy Graduation Challenge (OAUC) 2			
Over-the-Counter (OTC) 9-12	0.40	Portfolio High Schools	Weight
		Career and Technical Education (CTE) Tier 1	0.26
Students in Temporary Housing	Weight	Career and Technical Education (CTE) Tier 2	0.17
Students in Temporary Housing	0.12	Career and Technical Education (CTE) Tier 3	0.12
		Career and Technical Education (CTE) Tier 4	0.05
		Specialized Academic	0.25
English Language Learners	Weight	Specialized Audition	0.35
Standalone English as a New Language (ENL) K-5	0.40	Transfer Heavy Challenge (OAUC) ¹	0.40
Standalone English as a New Language (ENL) 6-12	0.50	Transfer Non-Heavy Challenge	0.21
Bilingual K-5	0.44		
Bilingual 6-12	0.55	Concentration of Needs	Weight
Commanding K-5	0.13	Concentration Need Tier 3	0.12
Commanding 6-12	0.12	Concentration Need Tier 2	0.08
Students with Interrupted Formal Education (SIFE)	0.12	Concentration Need Tier 1	0.04



2024-2025 Proposed FSF Weights are Unchanged from the Current School Year

In 2023-2024, we added a new FSF weight to support **Students in Temporary Housing (STH)**, proposed to continue in 2024-2025.

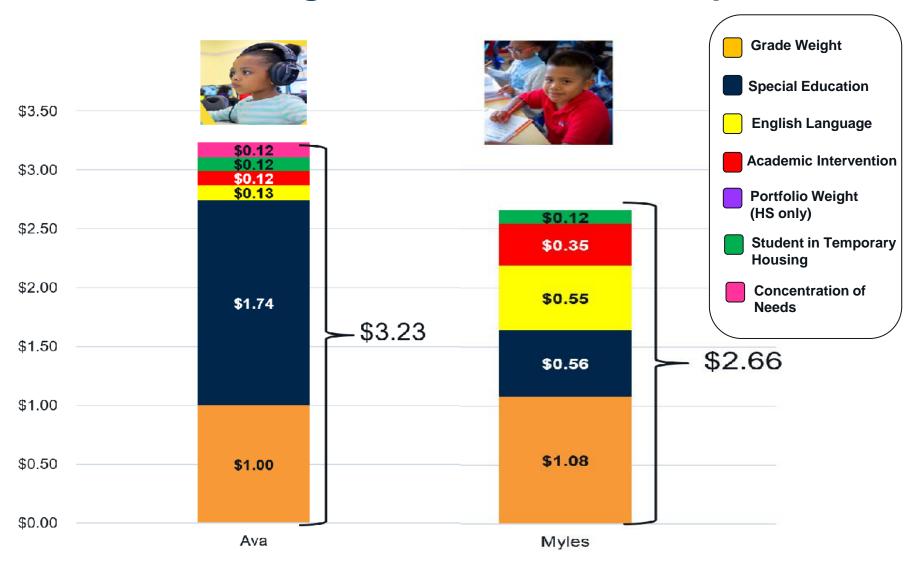
- Why this weight: Research shows that the situations faced by students in temporary housing create significant challenges to student success.
- How the weight works: Weight of 0.12 times the FSF per capita for the number of students in temporary housing in the school in the prior year.

Additionally we are proposing to continue the weight established this school year to support schools with high percentages of student need, the **concentration weight.**

- Why this weight: Having high concentrations of needy pupils has a negative impact on student achievement.
- How the weight works:
 - Schools are ranked based on their proportion of student needs (e.g., students with disabilities, English Language Learners, students living in poverty, students in temporary housing, and others).
 - Schools with the highest average student need are divided into 3 categories (tier 1, tier 2, and tier 3). Schools outside of the highest concentration receive no funding.
 - Students attending schools in tier 1 receive a weight of 0.04, tier 2 0.08, tier 3 0.12.
 - Concentrations weight times the school's average need for the prior year, times the register for the school year.



How The FSF Weights Work – If the Per Capita Were \$1





More Information Is Available Online About: Fair Student Funding and School Budgets

- You can find the following online on the NYCPS's "Infohub," under "Reports >> <u>Financial Data and Reports</u>":
 - Detailed information about each and every school budget allocation in the form of "school allocation memoranda" or "SAMs."
 - A <u>summary of each school's total and Fair Student Funding budget</u> along with student and staff counts.
 - A programmatic <u>guide to Fair Student Funding</u>, as well as how the FSF allocation is calculated for each school.
- You can find the following online on each individual school webpage, under "Reports >> Budget and Finances": (see directions on slide 3)
 - Detailed information of the school's budget based on the different types of funding schools receive, and
 - Detailed information as to how the Principal has budgeted for the current year, including the number of staff positions and other planned spending.



School Budgeting Timeline

- **February & March:** Based on initial budget estimates of City and State revenue, NYCPS presents the CECs with the proposed Fair Student Funding weights for the coming school year. The presentation tonight serves to advise CECs and school district communities of the formula and if there are any proposed changes. This presentation is also posted on the NYCPS website at https://infohub.nyced.org/reports/financial/financial-data-and-reports.
- March: The Panel for Educational Policy votes on the Estimated Budget for 2023-2024, based on the City's Preliminary Budget.
- April: The Panel for Educational Policy votes on the proposed Fair Student Funding weights for the coming school year.
- Late Spring: NYCPS releases budget allocations to schools.
- June: Principals along with their School Leadership Teams propose budgets for the coming year.
- July: Superintendents must certify alignment between school budgets and Comprehensive Educational Plans (CEPs) for the coming year.
- September: The new school year begins!



Improving Budget Transparency:

New School "Budget at a Glance" Webpages

In addition to the current webpages detailing each school's "Galaxy Allocations" and "Budget Summary," a new "School Budget at a Glance" brings together data on student enrollment, demographics, budget allocations and use of funds.

High School ABC (01Q123) English Students Grades: 9-12 Feonomie Language with **Need Index** Disabilities K-12 student population in this school: 10% 72% 16% 20% K-12 Avg Demographics for all schools in Districts 1-32 (Citywide Amounts): The funds allocated per student for this school in School Year 2023-24 are → \$28,126 That amounts to 42% more than the NYCPS's AVERAGE (\$19,876) 2023-24 school year spending per K-12 student in Districts 1-32 % of K-12 Funding for This School Total Including Total 396 Emplovee Benefits Fair Student Funding (FSF) - Includes some C4E and Stimulus \$4,490,422 74% All Other State and Local SY 22-23 School Demographics* \$1,025,965 17% Citywide % Contracts for Excellence - Non-FSF \$154,392 3% 1.3% 18.9% % Asian Federal Stimulus - Non-FSF \$9,813 0% % Black 34.3% 19.2% Federal Title 1 \$282,337 5% % Hispanic 62.2% 41.6% All Other Federal \$84,076 1% % Multi-Racial 1.6% 0.4% % Native American The School Year 2023-24 K-12 Budget for this school is \$ 6,047,005 1 3% 1.2% 28,126 % White 0.4% 15.8% 44,087 % Missing Race/Ethnicity 0.0% 1.6% The per student budget including Central Services and Summer School* is \$ *Central services support services in every school but outside regular school budgets. This includes food services, facilities maintenance and debt payments on *New schools that opened in FY24 do not have FY23 data 15,962 new facility construction, lease costs, school transportation, school safety, summer school, and central and field administration 2023-2024 Funding Details for this School 296 Total Including % of K-12 Spending for This School Employee Benefits Total Classroom Teachers \$2,529,840 42% All Other Salaries \$1,350,529 22% **Employee Benefits** \$2,053,103 34% All Other (OTPS) \$113,533 2% **Total School Spending** 6,047,005 Current spending details for this school 22%

Public Schools

Budget snapshot as of January 24, 2024

Pre-K students and dollars are not displayed in this report

Future Changes & Feedback

- We are continuing to review the formula to address other concerns we have heard about school budgeting in future years – including challenges related to school size and enrollment shifts.
- We value your feedback!

Comments and questions may be directed below by April 16, 2024.

Via email to

BudgetPublicComments@schools.nyc.gov

- OR -

By phone to (212) 374-6754.



QUESTIONS?

